

# **State of Rhode Island and Providence Plantations Water Resources Board**

Justice William E. Powers Building, Third Floor One Capitol Hill Providence, RI 02908 (401) 574-8400 ♦ FAX: (401) 574-8401

Date: January 4, 2008

To: Robert Griffith, Ph.D., Chair, Water Resources Protection & Use Committee

WRP&U Committee Members

Through: Juan Mariscal, P.E.

General Manager

From: Beverly O'Keefe, M.A.

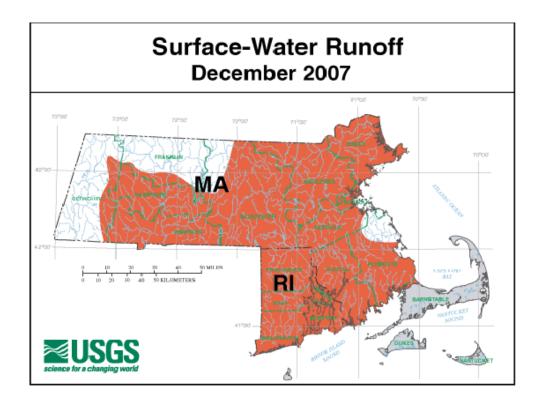
Supervising Planner

Re: Drought Management Plan Program – Current Conditions

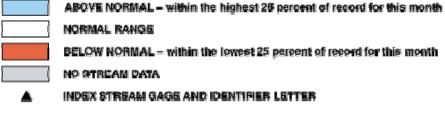
BACKGROUND: Pursuant to State Guide Plan Element 724: The Rhode Island Drought Management Plan, the Water Resources Board is required to assess water conditions monthly. Staff has assembled climate information from a variety of sources to monitor the potential for drought conditions in Rhode Island which is summarized below:

Data Source	Date	Report Summary
NOAA NWS Taunton MA Climate Report	Jan 4, 2008	0.27" received thru Jan. 4 2008, T.F. Green Airport; -0.15" below normal for January
USGS Surface Water Runoff Report	Nov 2007	Below normal
Scituate Reservoir	Jan. 4 2008	66.8% of Capacity
USGS Groundwater Level Summary	Nov 2007	Below normal
USGS RI Groundwater Level Well Report	Nov 2007	New historical low ground water levels—Exeter well 475. Eight dry till aquifer wells & 8 new record ground water levels (342, 475, 67, 258, 21, 417, 600, 785, 1198, & 59)
NWS Drought Severity Index: Palmer	29 Dec 2007	Near Normal
NOAA NWS Crop Moisture Index	29 Dec 2007	Wet
NOAA NWS Northeast Drought Monitor Seasonal Assessment	1 Jan 2008	Abnormally dry
NOAA Seasonal Drought Outlook (through March 2008)	3 Jan 2008	Near Normal
NOAA Standard Precipitation Index – Six Months	Nov 2007	Moderately dry conditions

The **USGS Water Conditions Statement** is summarized in three tables (Surface Water Runoff, Ground-water Level Conditions, and Summary of Rhode Island Ground-Water Levels) embedded in this memorandum. Surfacewater flows at the end of November 2007 were generally below normal (lowest 25 percent of flows for November) in Rhode Island.



#### COMPARISON WITH MONTHLY NORMAL RANGE



NOTE: Additional sites from those shown are used to determine ranges

Ground-water levels were generally below normal (lowest 25 percent of levels for November) in Rhode Island, including Block Island. A new historical record-low ground-water level was measured in the Exeter 475 well in Rhode Island (lowest since measurements started in 1981). New record-low ground-water levels for the month of November were measured in eight wells in Rhode Island

Eight Rhode Island wells that are installed in till aquifers, were measured and determined to be dry: Burrillville 397 and 398, Charlestown 587, Cranston City 439, Exeter 158, Exeter 278, Foster 290, and Portsmouth 551. These wells may go dry during extended periods of below-normal ground-water-level conditions. This assessment is based on the evaluation of 117 wells with 10 or more years of record.

Borden Brook/Cobble Mountain, Quabbin and Scituate Reservoirs were 72-, 88-, and 66-percent full, respectively, at the end of November. In comparison, Borden Brook/Cobble Mountain, Quabbin, and Scituate Reservoirs were 73-, 89- and 71-percent full, respectively, at the end of October. The average reservoir level for December is 276.09 feet.

Table 2: Ground Water-Level Conditions

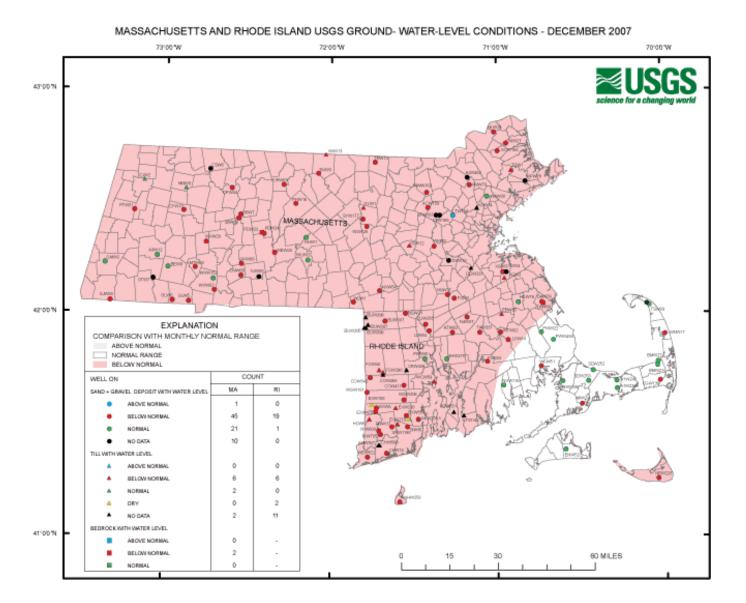


TABLE 3: SUMMARY OF GROUND-WATER LEVELS December 2007 PROVISIONAL (NOTE: Wells with \* also available in real-time at top of Ground-Water Data page; OWc, monthly measured value used in high ground-water level estimation report, USGS Open-File Report 80-1205.)

	T I O T P H O O	OF RECORD		NET CH IN MONT		IN ONE YEAR	FR MC	RTURE OM ONTHLY CDIAN	WATER L BELOW SURFA DATUM (OWC)	L CE	
			,	FEET)	ANI	(FEET)	( F	EET)	(FEET	')	DAY
BURRILLVILLE 187	TS	1968		0.09			-	2.45	17.50		21
BURRILLVILLE 395	UT	1992									
BURRILLVILLE 396	VT	1992									
BURRILLVILLE 397	HT	1992									
BURRILLVILLE 398	$_{ m HT}$	1992									
CHARLESTOWN 18	FS	1946	-	0.04	-	4.35	_	2.77	21.15		21
CHARLESTOWN 586	VT	1992									
CHARLESTOWN 587	ST	1992									
COVENTRY 342	VS	1991	+	0.22	-	2.24	-	2.65	10.60	<	21
COVENTRY 411		1961	-	0.03	-	2.31	_	1.37	22.89		21
COVENTRY 466		1992									
CRANSTON CITY 439		1992									
CUMBERLAND 265		1946		0.90	-	1.34	-	1.45	13.03		21
EXETER 6		1948	+		-	1.64	-	1.14	6.82		21
EXETER 158		1991							DRY		21
EXETER 238		1991	+	0.06	-	0.26	_	0.50	12.16		21
EXETER 278		1991							DRY		21
EXETER 475		1981		0.01	-	3.19		1.94	16.78		
EXETER 554		1988		0.02	-	2.22	_		11.84	<	21
FOSTER 40		1991	+	1.46	-	2.00	-		6.65		21
FOSTER 290		1992									0.1
HOPKINTON 67		1991	-	0.03	-	7.05	-	5.67	21.91	<	21
LINCOLN 84		1946	+	0.03	-	0.93	_		6.01		21
LITTLE COMPTON 142		1992		0.00					14.00		2.2
NEW SHOREHAM 258		1991		0.23	-	2.70		2.10	14.08		22 21
NORTH KINGSTOWN 255				0.11	-	2.84	-	2.05	10.37		21
NORTH SMITHFIELD 21 PORTSMOUTH 551			+	0.17	_	2.94	_	2.78	10.30	<	21
PROVIDENCE 48		1992 1944		0.02	_	0.86	+	1.72	4.61		17
RICHMOND 417		1976	+		_	1.42	_	1.18	7.82	_	21
RICHMOND 417 RICHMOND 600*		1977	_		_	2.55	_	1.70	35.89		21
RICHMOND 785		1989	_		_	3.94	_		26.54		
SOUTH KINGSTOWN 6		1955		0.37	_	2.73	_		13.98	`	21
SOUTH KINGSTOWN 0				0.23	_	3.51	_		11.01	_	21
WARWICK 59		1991		1.58	_			12.47	17.40		==
WESTERLY 522		1969		0.49	_	1.45	_	1.61	13.52	•	21
		1969	+	0.49	_	1.17	_	1.33	16.48		21
WEST GREENWICH 206		1991	+	0.39	_	1.30	_	1.43	5.42		21

<sup>-----</sup>

The NOAA National Weather Service (NWS) Drought Severity Index for the period ending December 29, 2007 shows normal conditions for the region (Table 4). The Crop Moisture Index for the same time period shows wet conditions (Table 5).

<sup>&</sup>gt;> SET NEW HIGH OR EQUALED HIGHEST RECORDED WATER LEVEL FOR PERIOD OF RECORD

<sup>&</sup>gt; SET NEW HIGH OR EQUALED HIGHEST RECORDED WATER LEVEL FOR END OF SEPTEMBER

<sup>&</sup>lt;< SET NEW LOW OR EQUALED LOWEST RECORDED WATER LEVEL FOR PERIOD OF RECORD

<sup>&</sup>lt; SET NEW LOW OR EQUALED LOWEST RECORDED WATER LEVEL FOR END OF SEPTEMBER

<sup>----- -</sup> DATA NOT AVAILABLE

TOPOGRAPHIC (TOPO) SETTING: F=FLAT, G=FLOOD PLAIN, H=HILLTOP, S=HILLSIDE,

 $<sup>\ \,</sup> T=TERRACE,\, U=UNDULATING,\, V=VALLEY,\, W=UPLAND\, DRAW,\,\, LITHOLOGY\, (LITHO):\, G=GRAVEL,\, R=ROCK,\, S=SAND,\, T=TILL$ 

**Table 4: Drought Severity Index** 

Drought Severity Index by Division

Weekly Value for Period Ending 29 DEC 2007

Long Term Palmer

-4.0 or less (Extreme Drought)

-3.0 to -3.9 (Severe Drought)

-2.0 to -2.9 (Moderate Drought)

-1.9 to +1.9 (Near Normal)

**Table 5: Crop Moisture Index** 

Crop Moisture Index by Division

Weekly Value for Period Ending 29 DEC 2007

Short Term Need vs. Available Water in 5 Ft Profile

-3.0 or less (Severely Dry)

-2.0 to -2.9 (Excessively Dry)

-1.0 to -1.9 (Abnormally Dry)

-1.0 to -1.9 (Abnormally Dry)

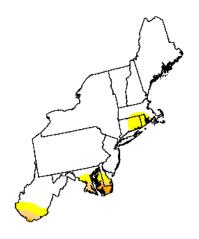
-2.0 to +0.9 (Slightly Dry/Favorably Moist)

Table 6: US Drought Monitor

# U.S. Drought Monitor Northeast

January 1, 2008

	Drought Conditions (Percent Area)									
	None	D0-D4	D1-D4	D2-D4	D3-D4	D4				
Current	90.5	9.5	3.2	1.1	0.0	0.0				
Last Week (12/25/2007 map)	90.5	9.5	3.2	1.1	0.0	0.0				
3 Months Ago (10/09/2007 map)	40.3	59.7	26.6	9.1	1.3	0.0				
Start of Calendar Year (01/01/2008 map)	90.5	9.5	3.2	1.1	0.0	0.0				
Start of Water Year (10/02/2007 map)	51.0	49.0	18.8	7.4	0.3	0.0				
One Year Ago (01/02/2007 map)	86.6	13.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0				
Intensity:										
D0 Ab	D0 Abnormally Dry				D3 Drought - Extreme					
D1 Dro	D1 Drought - Moderate				D4 Drought - Exceptional					



The Drought Monitor focuses on broad-scale conditions. Local conditions may vary. See accompanying text summary for forecast statements

http://drought.unl.edu/dm

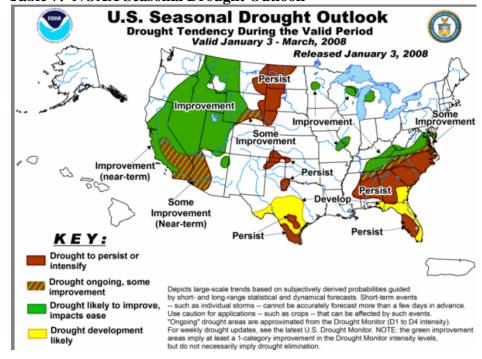
D2 Drought - Severe



Released Thursday, January 3, 2008
Author: Richard Heim, NOAA/NESDIS/NCDC

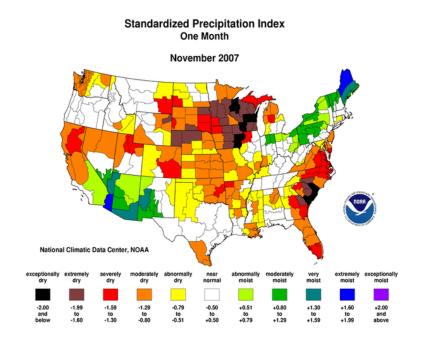
Tables 6 and 7 present national seasonal assessment and state rankings based on precipitation. The Northeast Drought Monitor (Table 6) focuses on regional conditions, and portrays Rhode Island experiencing moderate drought through January 1, 2008. The NOAA Seasonal Drought Outlook through March 2008 projects "normal" conditions for Rhode Island.

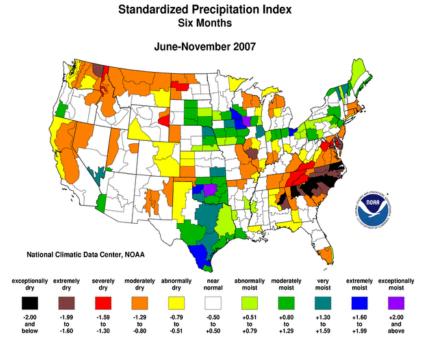
**Table 7: NOAA Seasonal Drought Outlook** 



## **Current Standardized Precipitation Index**

The Standardized Precipitation Index (SPI) is a way of <u>measuring drought</u> that is different from the Palmer drought index (PDI). Like the PDI, this index is negative for drought, and positive for wet conditions. But the SPI is a probability index that considers only precipitation, while Palmer's indices are water balance indices that consider water supply (precipitation), demand (evapo-transpiration) and loss (runoff). Six month condition is moderately dry for Rhode Island.





## **DISCUSSION**

Water conditions will continue to be closely monitored over the next month by the Water Resources Board staff. The Drought Steering Committee met on November 19, 2007 to review current conditions, and recommended remaining in the "drought advisory" phase based on the below normal precipitation for four months. The Drought Steering Committee will meet on January 10, 2008 to review hydrologic conditions.

#### **RECOMMENDATIONS:** Information only.

Additional Information on Water Conditions:

NOAA NWS Climate Report

http://www.erh.noaa.gov/box/fcsts/BOSESFBOX.html

NOAA Drought Severity Index by Division

http://www.cpc.ncep.noaa.gov/products/analysis monitoring/regional monitoring/palmer.gif

Crop Moisture Index by Division

http://www.cpc.ncep.noaa.gov/products/analysis\_monitoring/regional\_monitoring/cmi.gif

NOAA Drought Information Center

http://www.drought.noaa.gov/

U. S. Geological Survey – MA & RI

http://ma.water.usgs.gov/