

State of Rhode Island and Providence Plantations Water Resources Board

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To: Public Drinking Water Protection Committee

Through: Juan Mariscal, P.E., General Manager From: Beverly O'Keefe, Supervising Planner

Date: February 21, 2007

Subject: Drought Update: Current Water Conditions

BACKGROUND: Pursuant to State Guide Plan Element 724: The Rhode Island Drought Management Plan, the Water Resources Board is required to assess water conditions monthly. Staff has assembled climate information from a variety of sources to monitor the potential for drought conditions in Rhode Island which is summarized below:

Data Source	Date	Report Summary		
NOAA NWS Taunton MA Climate Report	Jan. 2007	Below normal precipitation in northwest, northeast, central west and eastern regions		
USGS Surface Water Runoff Report	Jan. 2007	Normal		
Scituate Reservoir	Feb. 21, 2007	101.5% of Capacity		
USGS Groundwater Level Summary	Jan. 2007	Normal		
USGS RI Groundwater Level Detail Well Report	Jan. 2007	No new high or low levels reported		
NOAA NWS Drought Severity Index: Palmer	17 Feb. 2007	Very Moist		
NOAA NWS Crop Moisture Index	17 Feb. 2007	Abnormally Moist		
NOAA NWS Drought Monitor Seasonal Assessment	13 Feb. 2007	Normal		
NOAA Seasonal Drought Outlook (through April 2007)	18 Jan. 2007	Normal		

Rhode Island month to date rainfall for February 2007 was 1.84 inches, -0.61 below normal. The NOAA National Weather Service Preliminary Precipitation Report reveals deficit precipitation in the northwest, northeast, central west and eastern regions of Rhode Island.

The **USGS Water Conditions Statement** is summarized in three tables (Surface Water Runoff, Ground-water Level Conditions, and Summary of Rhode Island Ground-Water Levels) embedded in this memorandum.

Surface-water flows at the end of January 2007 were generally normal (between highest and lowest 25 percent of flows for January) for most of Rhode Island. Flows were above normal in the Pawcatuck River Basin in southern Rhode Island.. Ground-water levels were generally above normal (highest 25 percent of levels for January) in southern Rhode Island. Ground-water levels were generally normal (between highest and lowest 25 percent of levels for January) for the rest of Rhode Island.

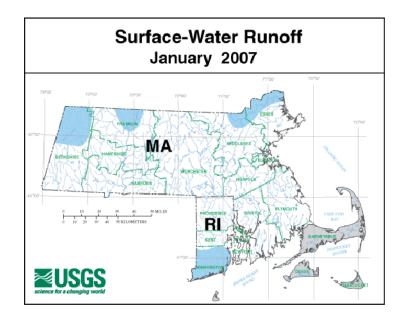


Table 1: Surface Water Runoff

COMPARISON WITH MONTHLY NORMAL RANGE



A INDEX STREAM GAGE AND IDENTIFIER LETTER

NOTE: Additional sites from those shown are used to determine ranges

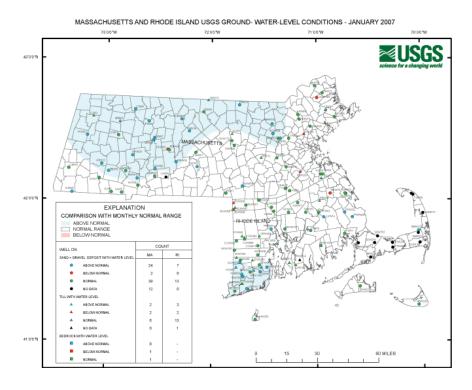


Table 2: Ground Water-Level Conditions

Borden Brook/Cobble Mountain, Quabbin and Scituate Reservoirs were 91-, 97-, and 104-percent full, respectively, at the end of January. In comparison, Borden Brook/Cobble Mountain, Quabbin, and Scituate Reservoirs were 94-, 96- and 107-percent full, respectively, at the end of December.

TABLE 3: SUMMARY OF GROUND-WATER LEVELS January 2007 PROVISIONAL (NOTE: Wells with * also available in real-time at top of Ground-Water Data page; OWc, monthly measured value used in high ground-water level estimation report, USGS Open-File Report 80-1205.)

			NEED GUANGE							
WELL	L START		NET CHANGE			ARTURE	WATER LEVEL			
	T I YEAR		IN MONTH			MOS	BELOW LAND-			
	O T OF		YEAR			ONTHLY	SURFACE			
	P H RECO	KD				MEDIAN DATUM				
	0 0						(OWc)			
		_	(FEET)	(FEE	T) (F	FEET)	(FEET)	DAY		
RHODE ISLAND										
BURRILLVILLE 187	TS 1968	4			91 -	0.14	14.96	24		
BURRILLVILLE 395	UT 1992	+			57 –	0.14	6.45	26		
BURRILLVILLE 396	VT 1992	+		- 1.		0.87	5.95	25		
BURRILLVILLE 397	HT 1992	+		- 5.		0.57	14.68	26		
BURRILLVILLE 398	HT 1992	+		- 0.		0.96	8.01	26		
CHARLESTOWN 18	FS 1946	4		- 1.		2.03	15.81	25		
CHARLESTOWN 586	VT 1992	-		- 0.	55 +	0.03	3.62	25		
CHARLESTOWN 587	ST 1992	-	- 0.31	- 1.	74 +	0.54	6.39	25		
COVENTRY 342	VS 1991	+	0.40	- 1.	44 +	0.11	7.96	24		
COVENTRY 411	SS 1961	-	0.44	- 1.	26 +	0.41	21.02	25		
COVENTRY 466	VT 1992			- 0.	21 -	0.16	2.80	25		
CRANSTON CITY 439	ST 1992			- 3.	56 –	1.31	11.93	25		
CUMBERLAND 265	SS 1946	4	0.33	- 0.	39 +	0.57	11.36	24		
EXETER 6	VS 1948	4	0.24	- 0.	85 +	0.66	4.94	24		
EXETER 158	ST 1991	+	0.74	- 1.	19 +	0.23	6.11	24		
EXETER 238	FT 1991	+	0.20	- 0.	47 +	0.10	11.70	25		
EXETER 278	HT 1991	+	1.79	- 2.	95 +	2.54	9.20	24		
EXETER 475	VS 1981	+	0.36	- 0.	88 +	0.65	13.23	24		
EXETER 554	SS 1988	4	0.31	- 0.	62 +	0.00	9.31	24		
FOSTER 40	HT 1991	+	0.31	- 1.	67 –	0.64	4.34	24		
FOSTER 290	HT 1992			- 1.	19 –	0.01	5.32	25		
HOPKINTON 67	ST 1991	4	1.94	- 1.	56 +	2.54	12.92	24		
LINCOLN 84	VS 1946	+	0.41	- 0.	92 +	0.46	4.67	24		
LITTLE COMPTON 142	ST 1992	+		- 2.		0.36	10.46	26		
NEW SHOREHAM 258	UT 1991	+	- 0.15	- 0.		0.32	11.23	27		
NORTH KINGSTOWN 255		4		- 0.		1.45	6.72	25		
NORTH SMITHFIELD 21		4		- 1.		0.22	7.09	24		
PORTSMOUTH 551	HT 1992	_		- 4.		1.72	32.19	29		
PROVIDENCE 48	TS 1944	_		- 0.		2.55	3.92	22		
RICHMOND 417	VS 1976	4		- 0.		0.27	6.07	25		
RICHMOND 600*	TS 1977	-		- 0.		0.74	32.96	24		
RICHMOND 785	FS 1989	-		- 0.		2.89	21.77	25		
SOUTH KINGSTOWN 6	VS 1955	-	1 1 1	- 0.	_	1.35	10.47	25		
SOUTH KINGSTOWN 0		-			73 +	0.49	6.84	24		
TIVERTON 274	TT 1990	7		- 0.				2 1		
								2.2		
WARWICK 59	ST 1991 FS 1969	4		- 0.		0.22	4.60	22		
WESTERLY 522		+		- 0.		0.26	11.44	25		
WEST GREENWICH 181	US 1969	4		- 0.		0.24	14.98	24		
WEST GREENWICH 206	ST 1991	4	0.17	- 0.	26 +	0.06	3.95	25		

>> SET NEW HIGH OR EQUALED HIGHEST RECORDED WATER LEVEL FOR PERIOD OF RECORD

> SET NEW HIGH OR EQUALED HIGHEST RECORDED WATER LEVEL FOR END OF NOVEMBER

SET NEW LOW OR EQUALED LOWEST RECORDED WATER LEVEL FOR PERIOD OF RECORD

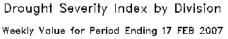
< SET NEW LOW OR EQUALED LOWEST RECORDED WATER LEVEL FOR END OF NOVEMBER

^{----- -} DATA NOT AVAILABLE

TOPOGRAPHIC (TOPO) SETTING: F=FLAT, G=FLOOD PLAIN, H=HILLTOP, S=HILLSIDE, T=TERRACE, U=UNDULATING, V=VALLEY, W=UPLAND DRAW, LITHOLOGY (LITHO): G=GRAVEL, R=ROCK, S=SAND, T=TILL

The NOAA National Weather Service (NWS) Drought Severity Index for the period ending February 17, 2007 shows very moist conditions for the region (Table 4). The Crop Moisture Index for the same time period shows wet conditions (Table 5).

Table 4: Drought Severity Index



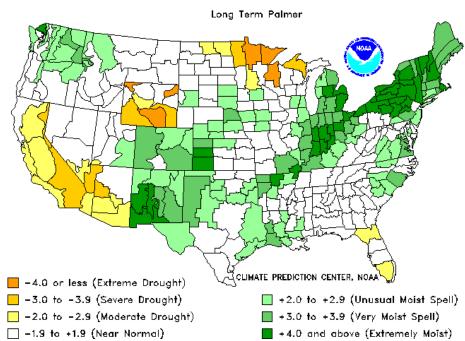
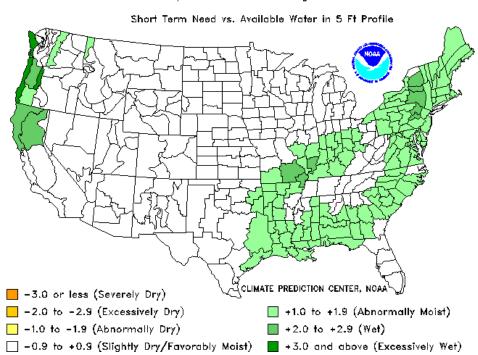
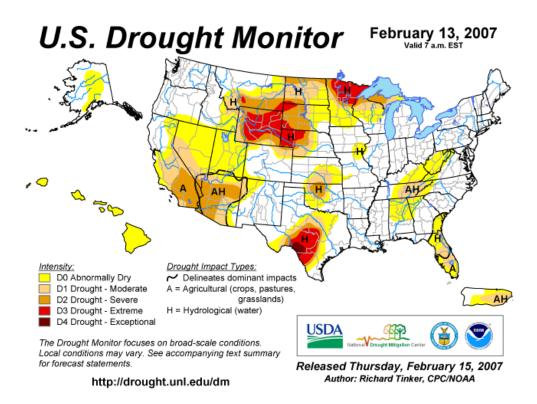


Table 5: Crop Moisture Index

Crop Moisture Index by Division

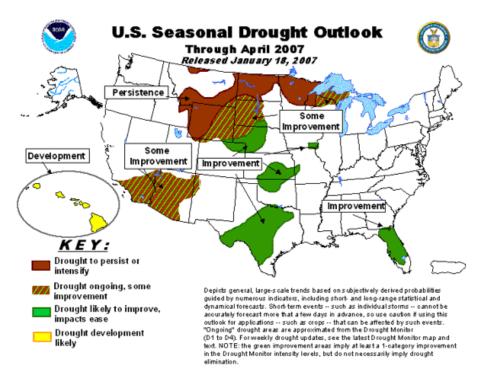
Weekly Value for Period Ending 17 FEB 2007





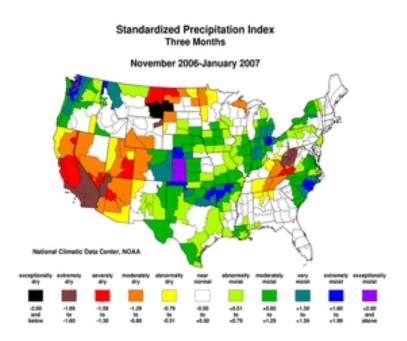
Tables 6 and 7 present national seasonal assessment and state rankings based on precipitation. The Drought Monitor (Table 6) focuses on broad scale conditions, and portrays Rhode Island experiencing a normal intensity through February 13, 2007 The NOAA Seasonal Drought Outlook through April 2007 projects "normal" conditions for Rhode Island.

Table 7: NOAA Seasonal Drought Outlook



Current Standardized Precipitation Index

The Standardized Precipitation Index (SPI) is a way of measuring drought that is different from the Palmer drought index (PDI). Like the PDI, this index is negative for drought, and positive for wet conditions. But the SPI is a probability index that considers only precipitation, while Palmer's indices are water balance indices that consider water supply (precipitation), demand (evapotranspiration) and loss (runoff). On this map, the red shading denotes dry conditions while the green shading indicates wet conditions.



DISCUSSION

Water conditions will continue to be closely monitored over the next month by the Water Resources Board staff. Consideration should be given to convening a preliminary spring meeting of the Drought Steering Committee to review conditions prior to the summer months.

RECOMMENDATIONS: Information only.

Additional Information on Water Conditions:

NOAA NWS Climate Report

http://www.erh.noaa.gov/box/fcsts/BOSESFBOX.html

NOAA Drought Severity Index by Division

http://www.cpc.ncep.noaa.gov/products/analysis monitoring/regional monitoring/palmer.gif

 $Crop\ Moisture\ Index\ by\ Division\ \underline{http://www.cpc.ncep.noaa.gov/products/analysis_monitoring/regional_monitoring/cmi.gif}$

NOAA Drought Information Center

http://www.drought.noaa.gov/

U. S. Geological Survey – MA & RI

http://ma.water.usgs.gov/